The smallest 4-regular 4-chromatic graphs with girth 5

Gunnar Brinkmann Fakultät für Mathematik Universität Bielefeld D-33501 Bielefeld Germany Markus Meringer Lehrstuhl II für Mathematik Universität Bayreuth D-95440 Bayreuth Germany

November 12, 1996

Abstract

In this note we give the smallest 4-regular 4-chromatic graphs with girth 5. There are exactly one graph on 21 vertices and one on 25 vertices.

Starting with a conjecture of Grünbaum [2] saying that (k, k, g)-graphs (that is k-chromatic k-regular graphs with girth at least g) exist for all $k \geq 2$ and $g \geq 4$ a lot of work has been done investigating such graphs.

In [4] Song Wenjie et.al. show that (4,4,4) graphs of order n exist if and only if n >= 12. Furthermore they define f(4,4,g) to be the smallest number of vertices so that a (4,4,g) graph exists and conjecture that f(4,4,5) = 25. This conjecture is false. In [1] the first author lists the (4,4,5) graph on 21 vertives given in figure one. The graph was constructed with the help of a computer, and it was also shown that it is the smallest possible (4,4,5) graph. So we have f(4,4,5) = 21. A further result was that there are no (4,4,5) graphs on 22 or 23 vertices. Using his completely independent generation program genreg, the second author [3] verified these results and extended them showing that there are no (4,4,5) graphs on 24 vertices and exactly one (4,4,5) graph on 25 vertices (given in figure 2). He also proved that f(4,4,6) > 34. In fact with only 2 exceptions all 4-regular graphs with girth 6 on up to 34 vertices turned out to be bipartite.

Both (4, 4, 5) graphs become 3-colourable when an edge is deleted, so it is impossible to construct an infinite series of (4, 4, 5) graphs using the method from [4].

References

- [1] G. Brinkmann. Generating cubic graphs faster than isomorphism checking. Preprint SFB 343 No. 92-047, 1992. Bielefeld.
- [2] B. Grünbaum. A problem in graph colouring. Amer. Math. Monthly, 77:1088–1092, 1970.
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- [4] S. Wenjie, W. Jianzhong, Y. Tianxing, and Z. Kemin. A note on 4-regular 4-chromatic graphs with girth 4. *Graph Theory Notes of New York*, XXX(9):35–36, 1996.

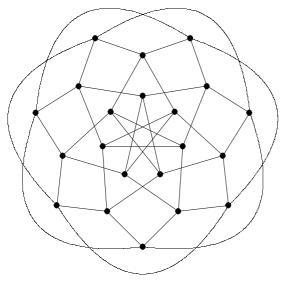


Figure 1: The (4,4,5) graph on 21 vertices

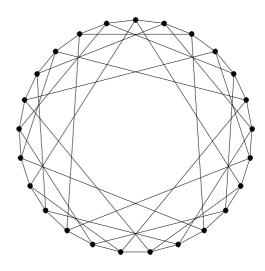


Figure 2: The (4,4,5) graph on 25 vertices